



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Propane</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>SDS number</b>	0105
<b>CAS number</b>	74-98-6
<b>Synonyms</b>	Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) * Automotive propane
<b>Recommended use</b>	This product is intended for use as a fuel in combustion devices designed for propane use and in some industrial processes as well. Use in other applications may result in higher exposures and require additional controls, such as local exhaust ventilation and personal protective equipment.
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Manufacturer/Supplier</b>	Énergie Valero Inc. 1801 McGill College, 13e étage Montreal, Quebec H3A 2N4
<b>General Information</b>	1-800-295-0391
<b>24-Hour Emergency</b>	Canutec (613) 996-6666
<b>New Brunswick Poison Information Center</b>	(506) 857-5555
<b>Newfoundland Poison Control Center</b>	(709) 722-1110
<b>Nova Scotia / PEI Poison Control Center</b>	1-800-565-8161
<b>Ontario Regional Poison Information Center</b>	1-800-267-1373 (Ottawa) 1-800-268-9017 (Toronto)
<b>Quebec Poison Control Center</b>	1-800-463-5060

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable gases	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Health hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Label elements</b>		



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Presents a health hazard which is not otherwise classified.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.
<b>Response</b>	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.
<b>Storage</b>	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Other hazards** Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

**Supplemental information** None.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Propane		74-98-6	90 - 100
Propylene		115-07-1	0 - 5
Isobutane		75-28-5	0 - 2
n-Butane		106-97-8	0 - 2
Ethane		74-84-0	0 - 1

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash frost-bitten areas with plenty of water. Do not remove clothing. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Not likely, due to the form of the product. Ingestion is not a typical route of exposure for gases or liquefied gases.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Dizziness.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray, fog, or foam.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	None known.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

**Fire fighting equipment/instructions**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices as icing may occur. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. Self-contained breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

**Specific methods**

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

**General fire hazards**

Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

**6. Accidental release measures**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate the area promptly. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Prevent product from entering drains. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Immediately contact emergency personnel.

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Should not be released into the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sanitary sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use only with adequate ventilation. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5% at sea level (pO<sub>2</sub> = 135mmHg).

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS). Store in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Protect cylinders from damage.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Material	Type	Value
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Propane	TWA	1000 ppm
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#### Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Material	Type	Value
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Propane	TWA	1000 ppm
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#### Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Material	Type	Value
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Propane	TWA	1000 ppm
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#### Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Material	Type	Value
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Propane	TWA	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1000 ppm
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### Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor, or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5% at sea level (pO<sub>2</sub> = 135mmHg).

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Other**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

**Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Gas.
<b>Form</b>	Liquefied gas.
<b>Colour</b>	Colourless.
<b>Odour</b>	Faint. May have gas odorant added (ethyl-mercaptan).
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-187.6 °C (-305.68 °F) / -190 °C (-310 °F)
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	-42 °C (-43.6 °F) Approximate.
<b>Flash point</b>	-104.0 °C (-155.2 °F) Closed cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Flammable gas.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	2.1 %
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	9.5 %
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	200 - 215 psi
<b>Vapour density</b>	1.6 (37.8 °C (100.04 °F))
<b>Relative density</b>	0.5 - 0.51 (15.56 °C (60 °F))

### Solubility(ies)

<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Insoluble.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	1.09
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	287 °C (548.6 °F)
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	650 °C (1202 °F)
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.

### Other information

<b>Density</b>	0.59 g/cm <sup>3</sup> estimated at -45 °C
<b>Heat of combustion</b>	-46.01 kJ/g
<b>Molecular formula</b>	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>
<b>Molecular weight</b>	44.09 g/mol
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Not oxidising.
<b>VOC</b>	100 %

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Polymerization will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Strong oxidising agents. Oxidizing agents. Reducing Agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine. Alkalis.

**Hazardous decomposition products** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels.

**Skin contact** No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").

**Eye contact** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Dizziness.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Not a respiratory sensitiser.

**Skin sensitisation** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not likely, due to the form of the product.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause central nervous system effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

1.09

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Empty containers may contain product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. This material and/or its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Return the empty cylinder to the supplier.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

### TDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1075
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Petroleum gases, liquified
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not available.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not available.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1075
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Petroleum gases, liquefied
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not available.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	10L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1075
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not available.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	E-D, S-U
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not applicable.

**General information** Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

## 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian regulations** This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

### Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

### Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

### Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

## Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

## International regulations

### Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

### Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

### Kyoto Protocol

Not applicable.

### Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

### Basel Convention

Not applicable.

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information

**Issue date** 02-March-2018

**Revision date** -

**Version No.** 01

**Disclaimer** The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials. Énergie Valero Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.