

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier	Mixed B-B's (Butane/Butylene)	
Other means of identification		
SDS number	307	
Synonyms	Blend of butane and butylene See section 16 for complete information.	
Recommended use	Organic synthesis. Household and industrial fuel.	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer/Supplier	Valero Marketing & Supply Company and Affiliates One Valero Way San Antonio, TX 78269-6000	
General Assistance	210-345-4593	
E-Mail	CorpHSE@valero.com	
Contact Person	Industrial Hygienist	
Emergency Telephone	24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)	

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable gases	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
OSHA defined hazards	Simple asphyxiant	

### Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Butane	106-97-8	15 - 80
Isobutane	75-28-5	5 - 80

1-Butene	25167-67-3	5 - 65
Propane	74-98-6	0 - 2
Propylene	115-07-1	0 - 1
1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	0 - 0.5

# 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash frost-bitten areas with plenty of water. Do not remove clothing. Get medical attention immediately.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Ingestion is not a typical route of exposure for gases or liquefied gases.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fog, or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Not available.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Extremely flammable gas. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to some distant source of ignition and flash back.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Self-contained breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
	Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.
	Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.
6. Accidental release mea	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and	Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary personnel away.
emergency procedures	Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Immediately contact emergency personnel.
Environmental precautions	Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sanitary sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment.

 ng Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Store in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Protect cylinders from damage.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Occupational exposure limits**

### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Туре	Value	
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.	1000)	
Components	Туре	Value	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	5		
Components	Туре	Value	
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0)	TWA	2 ppm	
1-Butene (CAS 25167-67-3)	TWA	250 ppm	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)	TWA	500 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	ical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
,		1000 ppm	

### **Biological limit values**

### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0)	2.5 mg/l	1,2-Dihydroxy- 4-(N-acetylcyst einyl)-butane	Urine	*	
	2.5 pmol/g	Mixture of N-1- and N-2-(hydroxybu tenyl)valine hemoglobin (Hb) adducts	Hemoglobi n in blood	*	

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne
controls	levels below recommended exposure limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas,
	vapor, or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety glasses or goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Mixed B-B's (Butane/Butylene)

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Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Colorless liquefied gas.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Compressed liquefied gas.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Odorless (but may have skunk odor added).
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-170.58 Weighted average
Initial boiling point and boiling range	-40 - 72.14 °F (-40 - 22.3 °C)
Flash point	-117.7 °F (-83.2 °C) Closed Cup (Isobutane)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1 %
Flammability limit - upper (%)	8.5 %
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	1.6
Relative density	0.5 - 0.53
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	> 500 °F (> 260 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
VOC (Weight %)	100 %
10. Stability and reactivity	

# ReactivityNot available.Chemical stabilityStable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.Possibility of hazardous<br/>reactionsPolymerization will not occur.Conditions to avoidIn a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.Incompatible materialsOxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Acids. Alkalis.Hazardous decomposition<br/>productsNo hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion

Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Inhalation	Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness. Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels.			
Skin contact	Contact with liquefied gas ca	n cause damage (frostb	ite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.	
Eye contact	Contact with liquefied gas ma	ay cause frostbite.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions.			
Information on toxicological effe	ects			
Acute toxicity	Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").			
Components	Species		Test Results	
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0)				
Acute				
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat		285 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral	_			
LD50	Rat		5.48 g/kg	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)				
Acute				
Inhalation				
LC50	Mouse		680 mg/l, 2 Hours	
	Rat		658 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)				
Acute				
Inhalation	_			
LC50	Rat		> 1442 mg/l, 15 Minutes	
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)				
Acute				
Inhalation	Maura			
LC50	Mouse		680 mg/l, 2 Hours	
	Rat		658 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Contact with liquefied gas mi	ght cause frostbites, in	some cases with tissue damage.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with liquefied of	gas may cause eye dam	nage from frostbite.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization				
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the	classification criteria ar	e not met.	
Skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer.			
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.			
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.			
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	/		
Propylene (CAS 115-07-	1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0)1 Carcinogenic to humans.Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.NTP Report on Carcinogens1 Carcinogenic to humans.			
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106- US. OSHA Specifically Regu	99-0) ulated Substances (29 CFR 1§	Known To Be Huma 910.1001-1050)	n Carcinogen.	
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-	99-0)	Cancer		
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the	classification criteria ar	e not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Based on available data, the	classification criteria ar	e not met.	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Chronic effects	May cause central nervous system effects.

# 12. Ecological information

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Ecotoxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.	
Persistence and degradability	Not available.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Partition coefficient n-octan	ol / water (log Kow)	
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0)	) 1.99	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	2.89	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	2.76	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	2.36	
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)	1.77	
Mobility in soil	Not available.	
Other adverse effects	Not available.	

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Empty containers may contain product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. This material and/or its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Return the empty cylinder to the supplier.	
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F	
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.	
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.	

# 14. Transport information

### DOT

DOT		
UN nu	umber	UN1075
UN pr	oper shipping name	Petroleum gases, liquefied
Trans	port hazard class(es)	
С	lass	2.1
S	ubsidiary risk	-
Packi	ng group	Not applicable.
Speci	al precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Speci	al provisions	T50
Packa	aging exceptions	306
Packa	aging non bulk	304
Packa	aging bulk	314, 315
ΙΑΤΑ		
UN nı	umber	UN1075
UN pr	oper shipping name	Petroleum gases, liquefied
Trans	port hazard class(es)	
С	lass	2.1
S	ubsidiary risk	-
L	abel(s)	2.1
Packi	ng group	Not applicable.
Envir	onmental hazards	No
ERG		10L
Speci	al precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG		
UN nu	umber	UN1075
UN pr	oper shipping name	PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED
Trans	port hazard class(es)	
С	lass	2.1
S	ubsidiary risk	-
L	abel(s)	2.1

Marine pollutant EmSNoFmS Special precautions for user Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC CodeRead safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not applicable. This product is a compressed or liquefied gas and when transported in covered under IGC code.15. Regulatory information US federal regulationsThis product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communicat Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.	bulk is		
Special precautions for user Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC CodeRead safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not applicable. This product is a compressed or liquefied gas and when transported in covered under IGC code.15. Regulatory information US federal regulationsThis product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	bulk is		
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Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.			
	on		
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)			
Not regulated.			
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)			
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Cancer			
Eye irritation Respiratory tract irritation			
Central nervous system			
Flammability			
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)			
1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) LISTED Butane (CAS 106-97-8) LISTED	LISTED		
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) LISTED			
Propane (CAS 74-98-6) LISTED			
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) LISTED			
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes			
Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No			
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance			
Not listed.			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes chemical			
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)			
Chemical name CAS number % by wt.			
1,3-butadiene 106-99-0 0 - 0.5			
Other federal regulations			
Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List			
Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List 1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)			
Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List 1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) 1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)			
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US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

WARNING: Byproducts of the combustion of propane contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

California requires all "persons in the course of doing business" whose products are sold in California to comply with Proposition 65 (Cal. Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.6 et seq.). Accordingly, resellers of this product in California shall comply with Proposition 65, including the provision of any necessary warnings for exposure to chemicals listed by the State of California: http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65\_list/files/P65single111811.pdf

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

### US. Rhode Island RTK

1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

### **US. California Proposition 65**

### US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

1,3-butadiene (CAS 106-99-0)

### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date Revision date Version # Further information NFPA Ratings 27-June-2013 23-May-2014 02 HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.



### Disclaimer

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