VALERO

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Iso-Octenes

Other means of identification

SDS number 418-GHS

Synonyms isoctene; isooctene (dot); 1-pentene, 2,2,4-trimethyl

See section 16 for complete information.

Recommended useThis product is intended for use as a refinery feedstock, fuel or for use in engineered processes.

Use in other applications may result in higher exposures and require additional controls, such as

local exhaust ventilation and personal protective equipment.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Valero Marketing & Supply Company and Affiliates

One Valero Way

San Antonio, TX 78269-6000

General Assistance 210-345-4593

E-Mail CorpHSE@valero.com
Contact Person Industrial Hygienist

Emergency Telephone 24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Response If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do not induce vomiting.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene	107-39-1	70 - 85

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2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene 107-40-4 15 - 30

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get

medical attention.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Skin contact

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. If high pressure injection under the skin occurs,

always seek medical attention.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Do not Ingestion give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content

does not get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is

having convulsions. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. symptoms/effects, acute and

Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice.

In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation.

Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

General information

Fire-fighting

equipment/instructions

delayed

Symptoms may be delayed.

treatment needed

If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

media

Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash Specific hazards arising from back. Sensitive to static discharge. the chemical

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure Special protective equipment

demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. and precautions for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Vapors may form explosive air mixtures even at room temperature. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed.

Specific methods Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Extinguish all flames in the vicinity. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Small Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Collect spillage. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

Large Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Environmental precautions

If facility or operation has an "oil or hazardous substance contingency plan", activate its procedures. Stay upwind and away from spill. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Do not enter or stay in area unless monitoring indicates that it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and restrict entry to emergency crew. Flammable. Review Firefighting Measures, Section 5, before proceeding with clean up. Keep all sources of ignition (flames, smoking, flares, etc.) and hot surfaces away from release. Contain spill in smallest possible area. Recover as much product as possible (e.g. by vacuuming). Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to disperse vapors. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed. Spilled material may be absorbed by an appropriate absorbent, and then handled in accordance with environmental regulations. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment or drainage systems and natural waterways. Contact fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, contact the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802. For highway or railways spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. The product is highly flammable and may be ignited even after short contact with an ignition source. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammable liquid storage. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Material	Туре	Value	
Iso-Octenes (CAS Mixture)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	0.1000)		
Material	Туре	Value	
Iso-Octenes (CAS Mixture)	Ceiling	25 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Material	Туре	Value	
Iso-Octenes (CAS Mixture)	STEL	2.5 ppm	
	TWA	0.5 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Material	Туре	Value	
Iso-Octenes (CAS Mixture)	REL	0.1 ppm	
	STEL	1 ppm	

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Туре	Value	
2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene (CAS 107-39-1)	TWA	344 mg/m3	
		75 ppm	
2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene (CAS 107-40-4)	TWA	344 mg/m3	
,		75 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Material	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Iso-Octenes (CAS Mixture)	25 μg/g	S-Phenylmerca pturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield or chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Protective gloves.

Other Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves. Full body suit and boots are recommended when

handling large volumes or in emergency situations. Flame retardant protective clothing is

recommended.

Respiratory protectionUse a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a

risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for nonroutine and emergency

use.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Consult supervisor for special handling instructions. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good

industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless liquid.

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Colorless.

Odor Gasoline.

Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -135.4 °F (-93 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling 214.52 °F (101.4 °C)

range

Flash point 31.7 °F (-0.2 °C) Closed Cup

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

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Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density 3.8 Relative density 0.7

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Very slightly soluble.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 736 °F (391.11 °C) (2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene)

Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Percent volatile 100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not available.

Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not pressurize,

cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static

electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Acids. Alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact May be harmful in contact with skin.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation.

Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice.

Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Skin corrosion/irritationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Serious eye damage/eye**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicityBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene (CAS 107-39-1) 4.55

Mobility in soilNot available.Other adverse effectsNot available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. This material and its container must be

disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate

ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1216
UN proper shipping name Isooctenes

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group ||

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T4, TP1

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1216 UN proper shipping name Isooctene

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1216
UN proper shipping name ISOOCTENES

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk -

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Label(s) 3
Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to This product is a liquid and when transported in bulk is covered under MARPOL 73/78 Annex II.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and This product is listed in the IBC Code.

the IBC Code Ship type: 2

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Pollution category: Y

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene (CAS 107-39-1) LISTED 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene (CAS 107-40-4) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Clean Water Act (CWA)
Section 112(r) (40 CFR
68.130)
Hazardous substance
Priority pollutant
Toxic pollutant

Safe Drinking Water Act 0 mg/l (SDWA) 0.005 mg/l

US state regulationsThis product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene (CAS 107-39-1) 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene (CAS 107-40-4)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not listed.

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene (CAS 107-39-1) 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene (CAS 107-40-4)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

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US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 28-May-2014

Revision date Version # 01

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

NFPA Ratings



References **ACGIH**

EPA: AQUIRE database

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

This material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 by **Disclaimer**

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use, or because of applicable laws or government regulations.

Yes