# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Version #: 01

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Name of the substance Isobutane

Identification number601-004-01-8 (Index number)Registration number01-2119485395-27-0017

Synonyms None.
SDS number 2018

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesUse as a fuel.Uses advised againstAll other uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Company name Valero Energy Ltd

1st Floor, Block B

Address D22 X0Y3, Quarryvale

Ireland

**Telephone** 01/210 345 4593 (General information; US)

e-mail CorpHSE@valero.com
Contact person Industrial Hygienist

1.4. Emergency telephone 0044/(0)18 65 407333

number

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The substance has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards

Flammable gases Category 1A H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

Gases under pressure Compressed gas H280 - Contains gas under

pressure; may explode if heated.

## 2.2. Label elements

# Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Isobutane

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** 

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

**Storage** 

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** Not assigned.

Supplemental information on

the label

None.

2.3. Other hazards May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT

criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with REACH Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties. The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation

(EU) 2018/605.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

### **General information**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	<b>REACH Registration No.</b>	Index No.	Notes
Isobutane	100	75-28-5	01-2119485395-27-0017	601-004-01-8	
		200-857-2			
Classification: Flam. Gas 1A;H220, Press. Gas;H280					C,U

#### List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

Note C: Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

Note U (Table 3.1): When put on the market gases have to be classified as "Gases under pressure", in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**General information** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or

others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Move to fresh air. Get

medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact** If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep

immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C)

for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses.

**Ingestion** Not likely, due to the form of the product.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Headache. Dizziness. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid

may cause frostbite ("cold burn").

**4.3. Indication of any** Provide general immediate medical attention

immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

General fire hazards Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when

exposed to heat or flame.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sensitive to static discharge. During fire, gases hazardous to health may

be formed.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not extinguish a leaking gas fire unless leak can be stopped. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices as icing may occur. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tanks due to fire. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. The product is insoluble in water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P2 FLAMMABLE GASES (Lower-tier requirements = 10 tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 50 tonnes)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use as a Fuel. Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Ireland. Occupational Exposure Limits

Material Value Type

STEL

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring

procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels

(DNELs)

Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been

1000 ppm

established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in **General information** 

discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye protection should meet standard EN 166. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

- Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Contact with liquefied gas might Thermal hazards

cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage.

Hygiene measures When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing

after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or

engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to

acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** 

**Form** Compressed liquefied gas.

Colour Colourless. Odour Odourless.

-159.4 °C (-254.92 °F) Typical. Melting point/freezing point

**Boiling point or initial boiling** 

point and boiling range

-12 °C (10.4 °F)

**Flammability** Flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1.8 % Explosive limit - upper 8.4 %

(%)

-118 °C (-180.4 °F) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** 460 °C (860 °F) **Decomposition temperature** Not determined. Not determined. рH Kinematic viscosity Not determined.

Solubility

Insoluble. Solubility (water)

2.76 **Partition coefficient** 

(n-octanol/water) (log value)

Vapour pressure 347.97 kPa (25 °C (77 °F))

Density and/or relative density

**Density** 0.5509 g/cm3 at 25 °C

Relative density 0.56 (15°C)

Vapour density 1.6

**Particle characteristics** Not applicable.

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No relevant additional information available.

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

42.8 kJ/g Heat of combustion (NFPA

30B)

10.3 % Limiting Oxygen

Concentration (or LOC)

C4-H10 Molecular formula Molecular weight 58.12 g/mol 0.5572 Specific gravity VOC 100 %

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. 10.2. Chemical stability

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

decomposition products

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen Inhalation

below safe breathing levels. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Contact with compressed gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling. Eye contact Contact with compressed gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.

Ingestion Not likely, due to the form of the product.

**Symptoms** Headache. Dizziness. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from

lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing

liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Not expected to be acutely toxic. **Acute toxicity** 

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Germ cell mutagenicity

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SDS Ireland Isobutane

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration hazard** Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Mixture versus substance

information

No information available.

11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting** 

properties

This substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties with respect to human health, as it

does not meet the assessment criteria laid out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No

2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605.

Other information No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

**12.1. Toxicity**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic

environment.

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

Expected to be inherently biodegradable.

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential** The product is not bioaccumulating.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil Not applicable.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

assessment

properties

This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

This substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties with respect to the environment, as it does not meet the assessment criteria laid out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No

2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605.

**12.7. Other adverse effects** The product is a volatile organic compound which has a photochemical ozone creation potential.

Substance Global Warming Potential per (Annex IV), Regulation 517/2014/EU on fluorinated greenhouse gases, as

3

amended

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Residual waste**Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

EU waste code 05 01 99

The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Special precautions** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN1969

14.2. UN proper shipping

**ISOBUTANE** 

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1
Hazard No. (ADR) 23
Tunnel restriction code B/D

**14.4. Packing group** Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards No.

**14.6. Special precautions** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

**14.1. UN number** UN1969 **14.2. UN proper shipping** ISOBUTANE

name

RID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risk

2.1(+13)Label(s) Not applicable. 14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

**ADN** 

14.1. UN number UN1969 14.2. UN proper shipping **ISOBUTANE** 

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

2 Class Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s)

14.4. Packing group Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

**IATA** 

LIN1969 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping Isobutane

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk

Not applicable. 14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No. **ERG Code** 

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

**IMDG** 

UN1969 14.1. UN number **ISOBUTANE** 14.2. UN proper shipping

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class Subsidiary risk

Not applicable. 14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-D, S-U

14.6. Special precautions

for user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

**General information** 

This product is a compressed or liquefied gas and when transported in bulk is covered under IGC

Shipping descriptions in this section are offered as examples only. Classification for transport must accurately reflect the material hazards as designated under a variety of regulations and is solely

the responsibility of the person offering the material for transport into commerce.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# **EU regulations**

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

#### **Authorisations**

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

#### Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P2 FLAMMABLE GASES

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Other regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

**National regulations** 

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as

15.2. Chemical safety

assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland

Waterways.

ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization. IATA: International Air Transport Association. IMO: International Maritime Organization. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short term exposure limit. TWA: Time Weighted Average.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

References

ECHA: European Chemical Agency.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

Not applicable.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

**Training information** 

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Disclaimer

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was obtained from sources believed to be reliable and accurate, and is not represented as being absolutely complete. The end user of this product has the responsibility for evaluating the adequacy of the data for the intended application and conditions of use; for determining the safety, toxicity, regulatory requirements, and suitability of the product under these conditions; and for obtaining additional or clarifying data where uncertainty exists. The data serves as general guidance only, and is to be used in combination with professional judgement of persons experienced in a specific application, use or process; and additional data may be required.

SDS Ireland Isobutane