# Valero

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Name of the substance Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated Naphtha 40 N+A

Identification number649-267-00-0 (Index number)Registration number01-2119474679-18-0029

Synonyms Untreated Naphtha 40 N+A \* Naphtha, Light Straight Run

Issue date 12-April-2023

Version number 01
Revision date Supersedes date -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Distribution of a substance. Formulation or repackaging of substances and mixtures. Manufacture

of substance. Use as intermediate.

Uses advised against All other uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Company name Valero Energy Ltd

27th Floor

Address 1 Canada Square

London E14 5AA

United Kingdom

Telephone 01/210 345 4593 (General information; US)

e-mail CorpHSE@valero.com
Contact person Industrial Hygienist

1.4. Emergency telephone 0044/(0)18 65 407333

number

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The substance has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

**Physical hazards** 

Flammable liquids Category 1 H224 - Extremely flammable liquid

and vapour.

**Health hazards** 

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B H340 - May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Category 1B H350 - May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity Category 2 H361fd - Suspected of damaging

fertility. Suspected of damaging the

unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single

exposure

Category 3 narcotic effects

H336 - May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Aspiration hazard Category 1 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

**Environmental hazards** 

Hazardous to the aguatic environment, Category 2 H411 - Toxic to aguatic life with

long-term aquatic hazard long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic

903970 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 12-April-2023

Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated Naphtha 40 N+A

#### **Hazard pictograms**



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** 

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** Not assigned.

Supplemental information on

the label

None.

2.3. Other hazards Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and

grounded equipment. Hydrogen sulphide (H2S) can accumulate in the headspace of storage tanks and reach potentially hazardous concentrations. This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria

of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substances

# **General information**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	100	64742-89-8 265-192-2	01-2119474679-18-0029	649-267-00-0	
F		61fd, STOT SE 3;H3	H315, Muta. 1B;H340, Carc. 36, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aqua		Р

# **Impurities**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Benzene	1 - < 2	71-43-2	-	601-020-00-8	#
		200-753-7			

## List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

M: M-factor

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

Note P - The harmonized classification as a carcinogen or mutagen does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7).

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

General information Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated Naphtha 40 N+A

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison

centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If Ingestion

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

General fire hazards

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

5.2. Special hazards arising

from the substance or mixture 5.3. Advice for firefighters

> Special protective equipment for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures

Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do

so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk, Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labelled containers. The product is insoluble in water.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated Naphtha 40 N+A 903970 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 12-April-2023

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P5a FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (Lower-tier requirements = 10 tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 50 tonnes)
- E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Chronic (Lower-tier requirements = 200 tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 500 tonnes)

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits

## **UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)**

Impurities	Туре	Value	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	TWA	3.25 mg/m3	
		1 nnm	

#### **Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring

procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

# Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

# **General population**

Product	Value	Assessment factor	Notes	
Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated I	Naphtha 40 N+A (CAS 6474	2-89-8)		
Long-term, Local, Inhalation	178.57 mg/m3	10	irritation respiratory tract	
Short-term, Local, Inhalation	640 mg/m3	15	irritation respiratory tract	
Short-term, Systemic, Inhalation	1152 mg/m3	15	Neurotoxicity	
<u>Workers</u>				
Product	Value	Assessment factor	Notes	
Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated I	Naphtha 40 N+A (CAS 6474	2-89-8)		
Long-term, Local, Inhalation	837.5 mg/m3	6	irritation respiratory tract	
Short-term, Local, Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m3	9	irritation respiratory tract	
Short-term, Systemic, Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m3	9	Neurotoxicity	

Predicted no effect

Not available.

concentrations (PNECs)

**Exposure guidelines** 

UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated Naphtha 40 N+A 903970 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 12-April-2023

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen **General information** 

according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye protection should meet standard EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. In full contact: Glove material: Nitrile rubber. Layer

thickness: 0.225 mm. Breakthrough time: >480 min. Splash contact: Glove material: Neoprene;

Layer thickness: 0.75 mm; Breakthrough time: 10-30 min.

- Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of oil mist, suitable respiratory equipment with Respiratory protection

combination filter (type A2/P2) can be used.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good Hygiene measures

> personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove

contaminants.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or

engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to

acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** Liquid. Liquid. **Form** Colour Colourless. Hydrocarbon. Odour **Odour threshold** Not available. Not determined. Melting point/freezing point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

> 25 - < 120 °C (> 77 - < 248 °F)

-45 °C (-49 °F) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Flash point

Not determined. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Explosive limit - lower (%) 1 % v/v Explosive limit - upper

(%)

8 % v/v

Not available. Vapour pressure

Vapour density > 1

Relative density >= 0.64 - <= 0.68 @ 15°C (59°F)

Solubility(ies)

Insoluble Solubility (water) **Partition coefficient** Log Pow: 2 - 7

(n-octanol/water)

Not determined. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not determined.

**Viscosity** < 7 mm<sup>2</sup>/s @ 40°C (104°F)

**Explosive properties** Not explosive. Not oxidising Oxidising properties

9.2. Other information

Kinematic viscosity Not determined.

Molecular formula **UVCB** 

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**10.2. Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**10.5. Incompatible materials** Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

decomposition products

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Ingestion** Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms** Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Hydrogen sulphide, a highly toxic gas, may be

present. Signs and symptoms of overexposure to hydrogen sulphide include respiratory and eye irritation, dizziness, nausea, coughing, a sensation of dryness and pain in the nose, and loss of consciousness. Odour does not provide a reliable indicator of the presence of hazardous levels in

the atmosphere.

Product Species Test Results

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)

**Acute** 

**Dermal** 

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Vapour

LC50 Rat > 5610 mg/kg, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg
Impurities Species Test Results

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Acute Oral

LD50

Rat 930 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Respiratory sensitisation**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Skin sensitisation**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Naphtha, Light Straight Run & Untreated Naphtha 40 N+A 903970 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 12-April-2023 Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Aspiration hazard** 

Mixture versus substance

information

No information available.

May be absorbed through the skin. Other information

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are 12.1. Toxicity

not met for hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard.

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

Expected to be inherently biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow) Not available.

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

2 13

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)** Not available. No data available. 12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

assessment

This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

Oil spills are generally hazardous to the environment. The product contains volatile organic

compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

EU waste code The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Special precautions

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **ADR**

14.1. UN number UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping

PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha)

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Hazard No. (ADR) 33 **Tunnel restriction code** D/E 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards Yes

14.6. Special precautions

for user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

RID

14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Low boiling point cat-cracked naptha)

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) 14.4. Packing group ı

14.5. Environmental hazards Yes

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

**ADN** 

14.1. UN number UN1268

PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Low boiling point cat-cracked naptha) 14.2. UN proper shipping

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) 14.4. Packing group Ι 14.5. Environmental hazards Yes

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

**IATA** 

UN1268 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping Petroleum products, n.o.s. (Low boiling point cat-cracked naptha)

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group ı 14.5. Environmental hazards Yes **ERG Code** 

14.6. Special precautions

for user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

14.1. UN number

UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Low boiling point cat-cracked naptha)

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant

Yes **EmS** F-E, S-E

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. 14.6. Special precautions

for user

14.7. Transport in bulk Not applicable. However, this product is a liquid and if transported in bulk covered under MARPOL 73/78, Annex I. according to Annex II of

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

Code

Shipping descriptions in this section are offered as examples only. Classification for transport must **General information** 

accurately reflect the material hazards as designated under a variety of regulations and is solely

the responsibility of the person offering the material for transport into commerce.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Retained direct EU regulations** 

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

# Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

# **Authorisations**

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

#### Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)

#### Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P5a FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

- E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Chronic

### Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)

#### Other regulations

This product is classified and labelled in accordance with the retained CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain. This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758.

Follow specific measures on the prevention and control of exposure to carcinogens and mutagens in accordance with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended. Use of this product by young persons under the age of 18 is not allowed in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended. New or expectant mothers should not work with this product if there is a risk due to exposure, in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended. Follow the requirements of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended, when using this material.

15.2. Chemical safety

Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization. IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short term exposure limit. TWA: Time Weighted Average.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

#### References

CONCAWE

Chemical safety report.

ECHA: European Chemical Agency.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

Not applicable.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Training information Disclaimer

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was obtained from sources believed to be reliable and accurate, and is not represented as being absolutely complete. The end user of this product has the responsibility for evaluating the adequacy of the data for the intended application and conditions of use; for determining the safety, toxicity, regulatory requirements, and suitability of the product under these conditions; and for obtaining additional or clarifying data where uncertainty exists. The data serves as general guidance only, and is to be used in combination with professional judgement of persons experienced in a specific application, use or process; and additional data may be required.