# Valero

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier No. 6 Fuel Oil

Other means of identification

SDS number 203-GHS

Synonyms Residual Fuel Oil, Resid, Residue, Heavy Fuel Oil

Recommended use Refinery feedstock.

**Recommended restrictions**No other uses are advised. See section 16 for complete information.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Valero Marketing & Supply Company and Affiliates

One Valero Way

San Antonio, TX 78269-6000

General Assistance 210-345-4593

E-Mail CorpHSE@valero.com
Contact Person Industrial Hygienist

**Emergency Telephone** 24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 4

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Acute toxicity, inhalation

Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 2

Sensitization, skin

Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity

Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2 (hematopoietic system, kidney,

exposure

liver)

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 1

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes

skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (hematopoietic system, kidney, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If Response

on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In

case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Storage

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

**Supplemental information** None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked	64741-62-4	0-100	
Clarified oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized catalytic cracked	68333-26-6	0-100	
Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked	64741-61-3	0-100	
Distillates, petroleum residues vacuum	68955-27-1	0-100	
Fuel Oil No. 6	68553-00-4	0-100	
Fuel oil, residual	68476-33-5	0-100	
Residues (petroleum), light vacuum	68512-62-9	0-100	
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	0-10	
Asphaltenes (petroleum)	91995-23-2	0-5	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0-3	
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	0-1	
Sulfur	7704-34-9	0-1	

# **Composition comments**

Note: Components of hazardous substances/mixtures are listed for disclosure purposes. Ranges may represent maximum regulatory limits or apply to multiple product grades (see Synonyms -Section 1). Typical and actual concentrations of individual components may be substantially less than the maximum values shown or zero, depending on the product grade or specifications.

Small amount of hydrogen sulfide, a highly toxic gas, may be present, especially in the headspace of containers.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delaved

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Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Unconsciousness. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Edema. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

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Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Combustible liquid.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. If sulfur compounds are suspected to be present in the product, check the atmosphere for H2S content. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

JS. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contai Components	Type	Value	Form
Clarified oils (Petroleum), eatalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 88553-00-4)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Fuel oil, residual (CAS 88476-33-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3 10 ppm	
IS. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) components	Туре	Value	
lydrogen sulfide (CAS 783-06-4)	Ceiling	20 ppm	
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), eavy catalytic cracked CAS 64741-61-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
uel Oil No. 6 (CAS 8553-00-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
uel oil, residual (CAS 8476-33-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
lydrogen sulfide (CAS 783-06-4)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
laphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
IS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha Components	azards Type	Value	Form
Clarified oils (Petroleum), atalytic cracked (CAS 4741-62-4)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
uel Oil No. 6 (CAS 8553-00-4)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
uel oil, residual (CAS 8476-33-5)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
ydrogen sulfide (CAS 783-06-4)	Ceiling	15 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
aphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3	
		15 ppm	
	TWA	50 mg/m3	

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### **Biological limit values**

# **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-2	20-3) 2.5 μg/l	1-Hydroxypyre ne, with hydrolysis (1-HP)	Urine	*	
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2)	2.5 μg/l	1-Hydroxypyre ne, with hydrolysis (1-HP)	Urine	*	

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Danger of cutaneous absorption

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear face shield if there is risk of splashes.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapor

cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Thick, black, oily liquid.

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Black.

Odor Petroleum.

Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

350.04 - 1200 °F (176.69 - 648.89 °C)

range

Flash point > 141.8 °F (> 61.0 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

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Flammability limit - lower 0.9

(%)

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Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Vapor pressure < 0.4 kPa (20°C) Vapor density > 5 (Air = 1)

**Relative density** 0.88 - 1.02 (water = 1)

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Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature > 600.06 °F (> 315.59 °C)

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

**Explosive properties** Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eve contact

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or

vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Unconsciousness. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Edema.

Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Jaundice.

# Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if inhaled. Hydrogen sulfide, a highly toxic

gas, may be present. Signs and symptoms of overexposure to hydrogen sulfide include respiratory and eye irritation, dizziness, nausea, coughing, a sensation of dryness and pain in the

nose, and loss of consciousness. Odor does not provide a reliable indicator of the presence of

hazardous levels in the atmosphere.

Components Species Test Results

Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Acute Inhalation Aerosol

LC50 Rat > 320 mg/m3, 4 Hours

Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-61-3)

Acute Inhalation Aerosol

LC50

Rat > 320 mg/m3, 4 Hours

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**Species Test Results** Components

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Acute Inhalation

Gas

Rat LC50 444 ppm, 4 Hours

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Acute **Dermal** 

LD50 Rabbit > 2 g/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 490 mg/kg

Sulfur (CAS 7704-34-9)

**Acute Dermal** 

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Dust

LC50 Rat > 5430 mg/m³, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Causes skin irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Clarified oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized catalytic

cracked (CAS 68333-26-6)

Distillates, petroleum residues vacuum

(CAS 68955-27-1)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

**NTP Report on Carcinogens** 

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (hematopoietic system, kidney, liver) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or **Chronic effects** 

repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Ecotoxicity** 

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Components Species Test Results

Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Aquatic

Chronic

Fish NOAEL Oncorhynchus mykiss 0.1 mg/l, 28 days

Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-61-3)

Aquatic Chronic

Fish NOAEL Oncorhynchus mykiss 0.1 mg/l, 28 days

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Crustacea 0.042 mg/l, 48 Hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 0.0243 mg/l, 96 hours

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha) 0.95 - 1.62 mg/l, 96 hours

Residues (petroleum), light vacuum (CAS 68512-62-9)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fish 48 mg/l, 48 Hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

No data available.

No data available.

Other adverse effects Oil spills are generally hazardous to the environment.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emp

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN3256

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Elevated temperature liquid, flammable, n.o.s. (No. 6 Fuel Oil)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB1, T3, TP3, TP29

Packaging exceptions None

Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk 247

IATA

UN3256 **UN** number

Elevated temperature liquid, flammable, n.o.s. (No. 6 Fuel Oil) **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk

Not applicable. **Packing group** 

**Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN3256

**UN proper shipping name** ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (No. 6 Fuel Oil)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes **EmS** F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

**General information** Shipping descriptions in this section are offered as examples only. Classification for transport must

accurately reflect the material hazards as designated under a variety of regulations and is solely

the responsibility of the person offering the material for transport into commerce.

15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US** federal regulations

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4) Listed. Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4) 100 LBS OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)** One or more components of the mixture are not on the TSCA 8(b) inventory

or are designated "inactive".

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

**Chemical name CAS** number Reportable **Threshold** Threshold **Threshold** planning quantity quantity planning quantity, planning quantity, (pounds) (pounds) lower value upper value (pounds) (pounds)

Hydrogen sulfide 100 500 7783-06-4

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SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

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Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	0-1	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0-3	
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	0-10	

### Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2)

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

High priority

### **US state regulations**

### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4) Fuel oil, residual (CAS 68476-33-5) Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Sulfur (CAS 7704-34-9)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Clarified oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized catalytic cracked (CAS 68333-26-6)

Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-61-3)

Distillates, petroleum residues vacuum (CAS 68955-27-1)

Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4)

Fuel oil, residual (CAS 68476-33-5)

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2)

Sulfur (CAS 7704-34-9)

# US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-61-3)

Fuel oil, residual (CAS 68476-33-5)

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2)

Sulfur (CAS 7704-34-9)

# **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4)

Fuel oil, residual (CAS 68476-33-5)

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Sulfur (CAS 7704-34-9)

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# **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Distillates, petroleum residues vacuum, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go

On inventory (yes/no)\*

to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Clarified oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized catalytic Listed: October 1, 1990

cracked (CAS 68333-26-6)

Distillates, petroleum residues vacuum Listed: October 1, 1990

(CAS 68955-27-1)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Clarified oils (Petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Clarified oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized catalytic cracked (CAS 68333-26-6)

Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-61-3)

Distillates, petroleum residues vacuum (CAS 68955-27-1)

Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4) Fuel oil, residual (CAS 68476-33-5) Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2) Residues (petroleum), light vacuum (CAS 68512-62-9)

Inventory name

### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region

Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

27-June-2013 Issue date **Revision date** 22-April-2021

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NFPA ratings



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Prepared by 3E Company

### **Disclaimer**

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