VALERO

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Transmix

Other means of identification

SDS number TRANSMIX-GHS

Recommended use Motor Fuel

Refinery feedstock.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Valero Marketing & Supply Company and Affiliates

One Valero Way

San Antonio, TX 78269-6000

General Assistance 210-345-4593

E-Mail CorpHSE@valero.com
Contact Person Industrial Hygienist

Emergency Telephone 24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)

2. Hazard(s) identification

 Physical hazards
 Flammable liquids
 Category 1

 Health hazards
 Acute toxicity, inhalation
 Category 4

 Skin corrosion/irritation
 Category 4

 Corm cell mutaganisity
 Cotagory 4

Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Category 2

Category 1

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statementExtremely flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (blood, liver, kidney) through

prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If

swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do not induce vomiting.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Fuels, diesel, no. 2	68476-34-6	0-100	
Gasoline	86290-81-5	0-100	
Hexane (Other Isomers)	96-14-0	5-25	
Toluene	108-88-3	0-30	
Xylene (o, m, p isomers)	1330-20-7	0-25	
Octane (All isomers)	111-65-9	0-18.5	
Ethanol	64-17-5	0-10	
1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0-6	
Pentane	109-66-0	1-5	
n-Heptane	142-82-5	1-5	
Cumene	98-82-8	0-5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0-5	
Benzene	71-43-2	0-4.9	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1-3	
Nonane	111-84-2	1-3	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0-3	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0-3	

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get

medical attention.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. If high pressure injection under the skin occurs,

always seek medical attention.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Do not Ingestion

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is

having convulsions. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice.

Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Rash. Defatting of the skin.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sensitive to static discharge. Vapors may cause a flash fire or ignite explosively.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Vapors may form explosive air mixtures even at room temperature. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed.

Specific methods

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if possible without any risk. This material is a water pollutant and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Small Spills: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Large Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Should not be released into the environment. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental precautions

Gasoline may contain oxygenated blend products (Ethanol, etc.) that are soluble in water and therefore precautions should be taken to protect surface and groundwater sources from contamination. If facility or operation has an "oil or hazardous substance contingency plan", activate its procedures. Stay upwind and away from spill. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Do not enter or stay in area unless monitoring indicates that it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and restrict entry to emergency crew. Extremely flammable. Review Firefighting Measures, Section 5, before proceeding with clean up. Keep all sources of ignition (flames, smoking, flares, etc.) and hot surfaces away from release. Contain spill in smallest possible area. Recover as much product as possible (e.g. by vacuuming). Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to disperse vapors. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed. Spilled material may be absorbed by an appropriate absorbent, and then handled in accordance with environmental regulations. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment or drainage systems and natural waterways. Contact fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies, If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, contact the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. The product is extremely flammable, and explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammable liquid storage. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Туре	Value	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1	000)	
Components	Туре	Value	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)	PEL	2350 mg/m3	
·		500 ppm	
Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)	PEL	2950 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
•		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.	1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Ceiling	25 ppm	
	TWA	10 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	2.5 ppm	
	TWA	0.5 ppm	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6)	TWA	100 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Gasoline (CAS 86290-81-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	300 ppm	
Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS 96-14-0)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	15 ppm	
,	TWA	10 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
-1 (TWA	400 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	200 ppm	
Octane (All isomers) (CAS	TWA	300 ppm	
111-65-9) Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)	TWA		
remaile (CAS 109-00-0)	IVVA	600 ppm	
	T\\/\		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL TWA		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	STEL TWA nical Hazards	150 ppm 100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components	STEL TWA nical Hazards Type	150 ppm 100 ppm Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components 1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene	STEL TWA nical Hazards	150 ppm 100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components	STEL TWA nical Hazards Type	150 ppm 100 ppm Value 125 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components 1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	STEL TWA nical Hazards Type TWA	150 ppm 100 ppm Value 125 mg/m3 25 ppm	
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Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components 1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6) Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL TWA sical Hazards Type TWA STEL TWA	150 ppm 100 ppm Value 125 mg/m3 25 ppm 1 ppm 0.1 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components 1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	STEL TWA sical Hazards Type TWA STEL	150 ppm 100 ppm Value 125 mg/m3 25 ppm 1 ppm 0.1 ppm 245 mg/m3	
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US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
		440 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		85 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	1050 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
		385 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		75 ppm	
Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
		610 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		120 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
·		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	25 μg/g	S-Phenylmerca pturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.7 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedi - on, without hydrolysis		*
	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Skin designation applies. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennesse OELs: Skin designation

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield or chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Protective gloves.

Other Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves. Full body suit and boots are recommended when

handling large volumes or in emergency situations. Flame retardant protective clothing is

recommended.

risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for nonroutine and emergency

use.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Consult supervisor for special handling instructions. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good

industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Light straw to red clear liquid.

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid.

ColorLight straw to red clear.OdorStrong Hydrocarbon.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 80.06 - 440.06 °F (26.7 - 226.7 °C)

range

Flash point -40.0 °F (-40.0 °C) (closed cup)

Evaporation rate 10 - 11 BuAc
Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1.3 %

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

7.1 %

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 60.8 - 101.3 kPa (20°C)

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Vapor density 3 - 4 (Air=1)

Relative density 0.66 - 0.75 (Water=1) (60°F)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Very slightly soluble.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

> 500 °F (> 260 °C)

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Other informatio

Viscosity

Not available.

Other information

100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not available.

Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Possibility of hazardous

VOC (Weight %)

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not pressurize,

cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static

electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. In high concentrations, vapors and spray mists are narcotic and may cause

headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to

discomfort and dermatitis.

Eye contact May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation.

Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice.

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Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Components Species Test Results

1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 2000 mg/l, 48 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat 3306 mg/kg

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Components	Species	Test Results
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	12705 mg/kg
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	30000 mg/m3
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
Oral	_	
LD50	Rat	5.46 g/kg
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		
Acute		
Dermal	B 11%	
LD50	Rabbit	> 2 g/kg
Oral	D .	400 //
LD50	Rat	490 mg/kg
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation LC50	Rat	102 mg/L 4 Hours
	Rai	103 mg/l, 4 Hours
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Acute Oral		
LD50	Rat	28710 mg/kg
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	rac	207 To Highlig
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	3200 mg/l, 4 Hours
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-		3 ,
Acute	55 57	
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	118 mg/l, 4 Hours
Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)		-
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	364 mg/l, 4 Hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	14.1 ml/kg

Species Test Results Components Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 2.6 g/kg Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) Acute Oral LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitizationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Skin sensitization**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

In in-vitro experiments, neither benzene, toluene nor xylene changed the number of sister-chromatid exchanges (SCEs) or the number of chromosomal aberrations in human lymphocytes. However, toluene and xylene caused a significant cell growth inhibition which was not observed with benzene in the same concentrations. In in-vivo experiments, toluene changed the number of sister-chromatid exchanges (SCEs) in human lymphocytes. Toluene may cause

heritable genetic damage.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Gasoline (CAS 86290-81-5)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cancer

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child by ingestion. Benzene, xylene and toluene have demonstrated animal effects of reproductive toxicity. Animal studies of benzene have shown testicular effects, alterations in reproductive cycles, chromosomal aberrations and embryo/fetotoxicity. Ethanol has demonstrated human effects of reproductive toxicity. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Can cause adverse reproductive effects - such as birth defects, miscarriages, or infertility. Avoid exposure to women during early pregnancy. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (blood, liver, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects

Repeated exposure of laboratory animals to high concentrations of gasoline vapors has caused kidney damage and cancer in rats and cancer in mice. Gasoline was evaluated for genetic activity in assays using microbial cells, cultured mammalian cells and rat bone marrow cells. The results were all negative so gasoline was considered nonmutagenic under these conditions. Overexposure to this product or its components has been suggested as a cause of liver abnormalities in laboratory animals and humans. Lifetime studies by the American Petroleum Institute have shown that kidney damage and kidney cancer can occur in male rats after prolonged inhalation exposures at elevated concentrations of total gasoline. Kidneys of mice and female rats were unaffected. The U.S. EPA Risk Assessment Forum has concluded that the male rat kidney tumor results are not relevant for humans. Total gasoline exposure also produced liver tumors in female mice only. The implication of these data for humans has not been determined.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

toxicity	very toxic to	aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Components		Species	Test Results
1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CA	AS 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	8.76 - 15.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	7.2 - 11.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7	7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	3.961 - 5.181 mg/l, 96 hours
		Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	8.3 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)			
Aquatic			
Algae	EC50	Freshwater algae	275 mg/l, 72 Hours
		Marine water algae	1970 mg/l
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
		Freshwater fish	11200 mg/l, 96 Hours
Invertebrate	EC50	Freshwater invertebrate	5012 mg/l, 48 Hours
		Marine water invertebrate	857 mg/l, 48 Hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-	4)		
Aquatic	,		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1 - 4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4 mg/l, 96 hours
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)	0.95 - 1.62 mg/l, 96 hours
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	4924 mg/l, 96 hours
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours
Pentane (CAS 109-66-0) Aquatic		,	<u>.</u>
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	2.3 mg/l, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	3.1 mg/l, 96 Hours
L1911	LUJU	1 1311	5.1 mg/i, 90 mours

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Components Species Test Results

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha) 6.86 - 8.48 mg/l, 96 hours

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 8 mg/l, 96 Hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Persistence and degradability None known.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	2.13
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	3.66
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	3.44
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	-0.31
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	3.15
Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS 96-14-0)	3.6
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	5.46
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)	5.18
Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)	3.39
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	2.73
Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	3.2
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	4.66
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	3.9

Mobility in soilNot available.Other adverse effectsNot available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsDispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. This material and its container must be

disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate

ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

D018: Waste Benzene

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) U019
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) U055
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) U056
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) U165
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) U220
Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) U239

Waste from residues / unused

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

products

Contaminated packaging Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group |
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Ye

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 144, T11, TP1, TP8

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 201 Packaging bulk 243

IATA

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name Petroleum products, n.o.s.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk _ 3 Label(s) Packing group ı **Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group I **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant Yes F-E. S-E **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and Not applicable. However, this product is a liquid and if transported in bulk covered under

MARPOL 73/78, Annex I.

15. Regulatory information

the IBC Code

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Cancer

Central nervous system

Blood Aspiration Skin Eve

Respiratory tract irritation

Flammability

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) LISTED Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) LISTED Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) LISTED Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) LISTED Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) LISTED Gasoline (CAS 86290-81-5) LISTED Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS 96-14-0) LISTED Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) LISTED n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) LISTED n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) LISTED Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) LISTED Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9) LISTED Pentane (CAS 109-66-0) LISTED Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) LISTED

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Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Toluene	108-88-3	0-30	
Xylene (o, m, p isomers)	1330-20-7	0-25	
1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0-6	
Cumene	98-82-8	0-5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0-5	
Benzene	71-43-2	0-4.9	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1-3	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0-3	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0-3	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 % weight/volumn

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer

and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS 96-14-0)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)

Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)

Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)

Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)

Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6)

Gasoline (CAS 86290-81-5)

Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS 96-14-0)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)

Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)

Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2,4, Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Pentane (CAS 109-66-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No

Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes

New ZealandNew Zealand InventoryYesPhilippinesPhilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical SubstancesYes

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date27-June-2013Revision date23-May-2014

Version # 02

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

NFPA Ratings



References ACGIH

EPA: AQUIRE database

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer This material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 by

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