

Valero Energy Reports Second Quarter 2021 Results

- Reported net income attributable to Valero stockholders of \$162 million, or \$0.39 per share.
- Reported adjusted net income attributable to Valero stockholders of \$197 million, or \$0.48 per share.
- Returned \$401 million in cash to stockholders through dividends.
- Declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.98 per share payable in the third quarter.
- Advanced the expected completion of the Diamond Green Diesel project at Port Arthur (DGD 3) to the first half of 2023 versus the prior estimate of the second half of 2023.

SAN ANTONIO, July 29, 2021 – Valero Energy Corporation (NYSE: VLO, "Valero") today reported net income attributable to Valero stockholders of \$162 million, or \$0.39 per share, for the second quarter of 2021, compared to \$1.3 billion, or \$3.07 per share, for the second quarter of 2020. Excluding the adjustments shown in the accompanying earnings release tables, second quarter 2021 adjusted net income attributable to Valero stockholders was \$197 million, or \$0.48 per share, compared to an adjusted net loss attributable to Valero stockholders of \$504 million, or \$1.25 per share, in the second quarter of 2020. Second quarter 2020 adjusted results exclude the benefit from an after-tax lower of cost or market, or LCM, inventory valuation adjustment of \$1.8 billion.

Refining

The refining segment reported \$349 million of operating income for the second quarter of 2021, compared to \$1.8 billion for the second quarter of 2020. The second quarter 2021 adjusted operating income was \$361 million, compared to an adjusted operating loss of \$383 million in the second quarter of 2020, which excludes the LCM inventory valuation adjustment. Refinery throughput volumes averaged 2.8 million barrels per day in the second quarter of 2021, which was 514 thousand barrels per day higher than the second quarter of 2020.

"Our system's flexibility and the team's relentless focus on optimization in a weak, but otherwise improving, margin environment enabled us to deliver positive earnings in the second quarter," said Joe Gorder, Valero Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. "More importantly, cash provided by operating activities more than covered our cash used in investing and financing activities for the quarter, even without the cash benefits from our receipt of the 2020 income tax refund and the proceeds from the sale of a portion of our interest in the Pasadena terminal."

Renewable Diesel

The renewable diesel segment, which consists of the Diamond Green Diesel (DGD) joint venture, reported \$248 million of operating income for the second quarter of 2021, compared to \$129 million for the second quarter of 2020. Renewable diesel sales volumes averaged 923 thousand gallons per day in the second quarter of 2021, which was 128 thousand gallons per day higher than the second quarter of 2020.

"Our renewable diesel segment continues to perform exceptionally well," said Gorder. "The segment once again set records for renewable diesel operating income and sales volumes, highlighting DGD's ability to process a wide range of discounted feedstocks, combined with Valero's operational and technical expertise."

Ethanol

The ethanol segment reported \$99 million of operating income for the second quarter of 2021, compared to \$91 million for the second quarter of 2020. Excluding the LCM inventory valuation adjustment, the second quarter 2020 adjusted operating loss was \$20 million. Ethanol production volumes averaged 4.2 million gallons per day in the second quarter of 2021, which was 1.9 million gallons per day higher than the second quarter of 2020.

Corporate and Other

General and administrative expenses were \$176 million in the second quarter of 2021, compared to \$169 million in the second quarter of 2020. The effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2021 was 37 percent, which is higher than the second quarter of 2020 due to the remeasurement of our

deferred tax liabilities primarily as a result of an increase in the U.K. statutory tax rate that will be effective in 2023.

Investing and Financing Activities

Capital investments totaled \$548 million in the second quarter of 2021, of which \$252 million was for sustaining the business, including costs for turnarounds, catalysts and regulatory compliance. Excluding capital investments attributable to our partner's 50 percent share of DGD and those related to other variable interest entities, capital investments attributable to Valero were \$417 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$2.0 billion in the second quarter of 2021. Included in this amount was a \$1.1 billion favorable impact from working capital and \$132 million associated with our joint venture partner's share of DGD's net cash provided by operating activities, excluding changes in DGD's working capital. Excluding these items, adjusted net cash provided by operating activities was \$809 million.

Valero returned \$401 million to stockholders through dividends for a payout ratio of 50 percent of adjusted net cash provided by operating activities in the second quarter of 2021.

Valero continues to target a long-term total payout ratio between 40 and 50 percent of adjusted net cash provided by operating activities. Valero defines total payout ratio as the sum of dividends and stock buybacks divided by net cash provided by operating activities adjusted for changes in working capital and DGD's net cash provided by operating activities, excluding changes in its working capital, attributable to our joint venture partner's ownership interest in DGD.

Liquidity and Financial Position

Valero ended the second quarter of 2021 with \$14.7 billion of total debt and finance lease obligations and \$3.6 billion of cash and cash equivalents. The debt to capitalization ratio, net of cash and cash equivalents, was 37 percent as of June 30, 2021.

Strategic Update

Valero continues to advance economic projects that lower the carbon intensity of its products. The large-scale carbon sequestration project with BlackRock and Navigator is moving ahead with strong interest from additional parties in the binding open season. Valero is expected to be the anchor shipper with eight of Valero's ethanol plants connected to this system, producing a lower carbon intensity ethanol product to be marketed in low-carbon fuel markets.

In addition, Valero and its joint venture partner continue to steadily expand DGD's capacity to produce low-carbon intensity renewable diesel. The DGD plant expansion at St. Charles (DGD 2), which is expected to increase renewable diesel production capacity by 400 million gallons per year, remains on budget and is still on track to be completed and operational in the middle of the fourth quarter of 2021. The St. Charles expansion will also provide the capability to market 30 million gallons per year of renewable naphtha into low-carbon fuel markets. The new DGD plant at Port Arthur (DGD 3), which is expected to increase renewable diesel production capacity by 470 million gallons per year, is also progressing well and is now expected to commence operations in the first half of 2023, increasing DGD's total annual production capacity to approximately 1.2 billion gallons of renewable diesel and 50 million gallons of renewable naphtha.

Refinery optimization projects that are expected to reduce cost and improve margin capture are progressing on schedule. The Pembroke Cogen project is on track to be completed in the third quarter of 2021 and the Port Arthur Coker project is expected to be completed in 2023.

Capital investments attributable to Valero are forecasted to be \$2.0 billion in 2021, of which approximately 60 percent is for sustaining the business and approximately 40 percent is for growth projects. Over half of Valero's 2021 growth capital is allocated to expanding the renewable diesel business.

"As demand for low-carbon fuels expands globally, we continue to expand our long-term competitive advantage through innovation in renewables," said Gorder. "In addition to quadrupling our renewable diesel production capacity in the next couple of years, we are

evaluating and developing other renewable fuels opportunities with carbon sequestration, renewable naphtha, sustainable aviation fuel, and renewable hydrogen."

Conference Call

Valero's senior management will hold a conference call at 10 a.m. ET today to discuss this earnings release and to provide an update on operations and strategy.

About Valero

Valero Energy Corporation, through its subsidiaries (collectively, "Valero"), is an international manufacturer and marketer of transportation fuels and petrochemical products. Valero is a Fortune 500 company based in San Antonio, Texas, and owns 15 petroleum refineries with a combined throughput capacity of approximately 3.2 million barrels per day and 13 ethanol plants with a combined production capacity of approximately 1.7 billion gallons per year. The petroleum refineries are located in the United States (U.S.), Canada and the United Kingdom (U.K.), and the ethanol plants are located in the Mid-Continent region of the U.S. Valero is also a joint venture partner in Diamond Green Diesel, which owns and operates a renewable diesel plant in Norco, Louisiana. Diamond Green Diesel is North America's largest biomass-based diesel plant. Valero sells its products in the wholesale rack or bulk markets in the U.S., Canada, the U.K., Ireland and Latin America. Approximately 7,000 outlets carry Valero's brand names. Please visit www.investorvalero.com for more information.

Valero Contacts

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Safe-Harbor Statement

Statements contained in this release and the accompanying tables that state the company's or management's expectations or predictions of the future are forward-looking statements intended to be covered by the safe harbor provisions of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The words "believe," "expect," "should," "estimates," "intend," "target," "will," "plans," "forecast," and other similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this release and the accompanying tables include those relating to our greenhouse gas emissions targets, expected timing of completion and performance of projects, future market and industry conditions, future operating and financial performance and management of future risks. It is important to note that actual results could differ materially from those projected in such forward-looking statements based on numerous factors, including those outside of the company's control, such as delays in construction timing and other factors, including but not limited to the impacts of COVID-19. For more information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ from those expressed or forecasted, see Valero's annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and available on Valero's website at <u>www.valero.com</u>.

COVID-19 Disclosure

Some governmental authorities began lifting restrictions intended to prevent the spread of COVID-19 in the latter part of 2020 and this has continued throughout the first six months of 2021 as the distribution of vaccines has helped decrease rates of infection. These actions have contributed to increasing levels of individual movement and travel and a resulting increase in the demand for and market prices of our products. However, some governmental authorities continue to impose, or have recently reimposed, some level of restrictions due in part to new outbreaks, including those related to new variants of the COVID-19 virus. The ongoing distribution of vaccines may result in the continued lifting of restrictions globally and may be seen as a key factor contributing to the ongoing restoration of public confidence, and thus also to stimulating and increasing economic activity. However, the risk remains that vaccines may not be distributed widely on a timely basis, they may not be as effective against new variants of the virus, the distribution of some or all of the vaccines may be paused or withdrawn due to concerns with potential side effects, and/or the level of individuals' willingness to receive a vaccine may not be as strong or as timely as needed. Based on these and other circumstances that cannot be predicted, the broader implications of the pandemic on our results of operations and financial position remain uncertain and may continue to be significant. We believe we have proactively responded to many of the known impacts of the pandemic on our business to the extent practicable and we strive to continue to do so, but there can be no assurance that these or other measures will be fully effective. For more information, see our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

This earnings release and the accompanying earnings release tables include references to financial measures that are not defined under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These non-GAAP measures include adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero stockholders, adjusted earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution, refining margin, renewable diesel margin, ethanol margin, adjusted refining operating income (loss), adjusted ethanol operating income (loss), adjusted net cash provided by operating activities, and capital investments attributable to Valero. These non-GAAP financial measures have been included to help facilitate the comparison of operating results between periods. See the accompanying earnings release tables for a reconciliation of non-GAAP measures to their most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measures. Note (f) to the earnings release tables provides reasons for the use of these non-GAAP financial measures.

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(millions of dollars, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ende June 30,				
		2021		2020		2021		2020		
Statement of income data										
Revenues	\$	27,748	\$	10,397	\$	48,554	\$	32,499		
Cost of sales:										
Cost of materials and other (a)		25,249		9,079		44,241		29,031		
Lower of cost or market (LCM) inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(2,248)				294		
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) (a)		1,214		1,027		2,870		2,151		
Depreciation and amortization expense		576		566		1,142		1,135		
Total cost of sales		27,039		8,424		48,253		32,611		
Other operating expenses		12		3		50		5		
General and administrative expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		176		169		384		346		
Depreciation and amortization expense		12		12		24		25		
Operating income (loss)		509		1,789		(157)		(488)		
Other income, net (c)		102		27		147		59		
Interest and debt expense, net of capitalized interest		(150)		(142)		(299)		(267)		
Income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit)		461		1,674		(309)		(696)		
Income tax expense (benefit) (d)		169		339		21		(277)		
Net income (loss)		292		1,335		(330)		(419)		
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		130		82		212		179		
Net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders	\$	162	\$	1,253	\$	(542)	\$	(598)		
Earnings (loss) per common share	\$	0.39	\$	3.07	\$	(1.34)	\$	(1.48)		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (in millions)	¥	407	¥	406	4	407	¥	407		
				100		107				
Earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution	\$	0.39	\$	3.07	\$	(1.34)	\$	(1.48)		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – assuming dilution (in millions) (e)		407		407		407		407		

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS BY SEGMENT (millions of dollars) (unaudited)

	R	efining	R	enewable Diesel	Ethanol		Corporate and iminations	Total
Three months ended June 30, 2021								
Revenues:								
Revenues from external customers	\$	25,968	\$	496	\$	1,284	\$ — \$	27,748
Intersegment revenues		1		76		84	(161)	—
Total revenues		25,969		572		1,368	 (161)	27,748
Cost of sales:								
Cost of materials and other		24,000		281		1,130	(162)	25,249
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		1,064		31		119	_	1,214
Depreciation and amortization expense		544		12		20		576
Total cost of sales		25,608		324	_	1,269	 (162)	27,039
Other operating expenses		12		—				12
General and administrative expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		_				_	176	176
Depreciation and amortization expense							 12	12
Operating income by segment	\$	349	\$	248	\$	99	\$ (187) \$	509
Three months ended June 30, 2020								
Revenues:								
Revenues from external customers	\$	9,615	\$	239	\$	543	\$ — \$	10,397
Intersegment revenues		2		57		38	 (97)	
Total revenues		9,617		296		581	(97)	10,397
Cost of sales:								
Cost of materials and other		8,539		135		501	(96)	9,079
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)		(2,137)		—		(111)	—	(2,248)
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		928		20		79	_	1,027
Depreciation and amortization expense		533		12		21		566
Total cost of sales		7,863		167		490	(96)	8,424
Other operating expenses		3		—				3
General and administrative expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)				_		_	169	169
Depreciation and amortization expense							12	12
Operating income by segment	\$	1,751	\$	129	\$	91	\$ (182) \$	1,789

See Operating Highlights by Segment beginning on Table Page 8. See Notes to Earnings Release Tables beginning on Table Page 17.

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS BY SEGMENT (millions of dollars) (unaudited)

	R	efining	R	Renewable Diesel		Ethanol	Corporate and iminations	Tot	al
Six months ended June 30, 2021									
Revenues:									
Revenues from external customers	\$	45,437	\$	848	\$	2,269	\$ — \$	48	3,554
Intersegment revenues		4		155		144	(303)		_
Total revenues		45,441		1,003		2,413	(303)	48	3,554
Cost of sales:									
Cost of materials and other (a)		42,022		468		2,054	(303)	44	4,241
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) (a)		2,535		60		275		2	2,870
Depreciation and amortization expense		1,077		24		41		1	1,142
Total cost of sales		45,634		552		2,370	 (303)	48	3,253
Other operating expenses		50		—		—			50
General and administrative expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)				_		_	384		384
Depreciation and amortization expense							24		24
Operating income (loss) by segment	\$	(243)	\$	451	\$	43	\$ (408) \$		(157)
							 		<u> </u>
Six months ended June 30, 2020									
Revenues:									
Revenues from external customers	\$	30,600	\$	545	\$	1,354	\$ — \$	32	2,499
Intersegment revenues		4		110		102	(216)		
Total revenues		30,604		655		1,456	 (216)	32	2,499
Cost of sales:									
Cost of materials and other		27,666		265		1,314	(214)	29	9,031
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)		277		—		17			294
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		1,923		40		188		2	2,151
Depreciation and amortization expense		1,069		23		43	_]	1,135
Total cost of sales		30,935		328		1,562	 (214)	32	2,611
Other operating expenses		5					_		5
General and administrative expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)				_		_	346		346
Depreciation and amortization expense							25		25
Operating income (loss) by segment	\$	(336)	\$	327	\$	(106)	\$ (373) \$		(488)

See Operating Highlights by Segment beginning on Table Page 8. See Notes to Earnings Release Tables beginning on Table Page 17.

(millions of dollars, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

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Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d) 64 $ 64$ $-$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b) $ (2,248)$ $ 294$ Income tax expense (benefit) related to the LCM inventory valuation adjustment $ 491$ $ (60)$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment, net of taxes $ (1,757)$ $ 234$ Total adjustments 35 $(1,757)$ 35 234 Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders $\$$ 197 $\$$ (507) $\$$ (364) Reconciliation of earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution thar – assuming dilution Earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution Earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution (e) $\$$ 0.39 $\$$ 3.07 $\$$ (1.34) $\$$ (1.48) Adjustments: Gain on sale of MVP interest (c) (0.12) $ (0.12)$ $ 0.05$ $-$ Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c) 0.05 $ 0.05$ $ 0.16$ $-$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b) $ (4.32)$ $ 0.58$ Total adjustments 0.09 (4.32) 0.09 0.58 Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share $ 0.58$ $-$ Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share $ 0.58$ $-$ Adjustments $ 0.09$ (4.32) $ 0.58$			(5)				(5)		_
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b) $ (2,248)$ $ 294$ Income tax expense (benefit) related to the LCM inventory valuation adjustment $ 491$ $ (60)$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment, net of taxes $ (1,757)$ $ 234$ Total adjustments 35 $(1,757)$ $ 234$ Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders $\$$ 197 $\$$ (504) $\$$ (507) $\$$ (364) Reconciliation of earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution Earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution $\$$ 0.39 $\$$ 3.07 $\$$ (1.34) $\$$ (1.48) Adjustments: Gain on sale of MVP interest (c) (0.12) $ (0.12)$ $ (0.12)$ $-$ Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c) 0.05 $ 0.05$ $ 0.05$ $-$ Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d) 0.16 $ 0.16$ $ 0.16$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b) $ (4.32)$ $ 0.58$ 0.09 (4.32) 0.09 0.58 Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share $ 0.09$ (4.32) 0.09 0.58	Diamond Pipeline asset impairment, net of taxes		19				19		—
Income tax expense (benefit) related to the LCM inventory valuation adjustment $ 491$ $ (60)$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment, net of taxes $ (1,757)$ $ 234$ Total adjustments 35 $(1,757)$ 35 234 Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders $$$ 197 $$$ (504) $$$ (507) $$$ (364) Reconciliation of earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution (e) $$$ 0.39 $$$ 3.07 $$$ (1.34) $$$ (1.48) Adjustments:Gain on sale of MVP interest (c) (0.12) $ (0.12)$ $-$ Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c) 0.05 $ 0.05$ $-$ Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d) 0.16 $ 0.16$ $-$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b) $ (4.32)$ $ 0.58$ Total adjustments 0.09 (4.32) 0.09 0.58 Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share –	Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d)		64				64		
valuation adjustment $ 491$ $ (60)$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment, net of taxes $ (1,757)$ $ 234$ Total adjustments 35 $(1,757)$ 35 234 Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders $\$$ 197 $\$$ (504) $\$$ (507) $\$$ (364) Reconciliation of earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution (e) $\$$ 0.39 $\$$ 3.07 $\$$ (1.34) $\$$ (1.48) Adjustments: $ (0.12)$ $ (0.12)$ $ -$ Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c) 0.05 $ 0.05$ $ 0.16$ $-$ Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d) 0.16 $ 0.16$ $ 0.58$ Total adjustments 0.09 (4.32) $ 0.58$ $ 0.58$ Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share – $ -$	LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(2,248)				294
Total adjustments 35 $(1,757)$ 35 234 Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders $\$$ 197 $\$$ (504) $\$$ (507) $\$$ (364) Reconciliation of earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution (e) $\$$ 0.39 $\$$ 3.07 $\$$ (1.34) $\$$ (1.48) Adjustments: Gain on sale of MVP interest (c) (0.12) $ (0.12)$ $ 0.05$ $-$ Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c) Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d) 0.16 $ 0.16$ $-$ LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b) Total adjustments $ (4.32)$ $ 0.58$ Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share $ 0.09$ (4.32) 0.09 0.58	Income tax expense (benefit) related to the LCM inventory valuation adjustment				491				(60)
Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders \$ 197 \$ (504) \$ (507) \$ (364) Reconciliation of earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution to adjusted earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution \$ 0.39 \$ 3.07 \$ (1.34) \$ (1.48) Adjustments:	LCM inventory valuation adjustment, net of taxes				(1,757)				234
Valero Energy Corporation stockholders\$ 197 \$ (504) \$ (507) \$ (364)Reconciliation of earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionassuming dilution to adjusted earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution (e)\$ 0.39 \$ 3.07 \$ (1.34) \$ (1.48)Adjustments:	Total adjustments		35		(1,757)		35		234
assuming dilution to adjusted earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilutionEarnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution (e)\$ 0.39 \$ 3.07 \$ (1.34) \$ (1.48)Adjustments:(0.12)-Gain on sale of MVP interest (c)(0.12)-Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c)0.05-Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d)0.16-LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)-(4.32)-Total adjustments0.09(4.32)0.09Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share –-	Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders	\$	197	\$	(504)	\$	(507)	\$	(364)
Adjustments:(0.12)(0.12)(0.12)Gain on sale of MVP interest (c)(0.12)(0.12)(0.12)Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c)0.05(0.05)(0.05)Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d)0.16(0.16)(0.16)LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)(4.32)(0.58)(0.09)(4.32)Total adjustments0.09(4.32)0.090.58Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share –(0.12)(0.12)(0.12)(0.12)	assuming dilution to adjusted earnings (loss) per common								
Gain on sale of MVP interest (c)(0.12)(0.12)Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c)0.050.05Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d)0.160.16LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)(4.32)0.58Total adjustments0.09(4.32)0.090.58Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share	Earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution (e)	\$	0.39	\$	3.07	\$	(1.34)	\$	(1.48)
Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c)0.050.05Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d)0.160.16LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)(4.32)0.58Total adjustments0.09(4.32)0.090.58Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share	Adjustments:								
Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d)0.16—0.16—LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)—(4.32)—0.58Total adjustments0.09(4.32)0.090.58Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share –———	Gain on sale of MVP interest (c)		(0.12)				(0.12)		
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)—(4.32)—0.58Total adjustments0.09(4.32)0.090.58Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share –———	Diamond Pipeline asset impairment (c)		0.05				0.05		
Total adjustments0.09(4.32)0.090.58Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share –	Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates (d)		0.16				0.16		
Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share –	LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(4.32)				0.58
	Total adjustments	_	0.09		(4.32)	_	0.09		0.58
		\$	0.48	\$	(1.25)	\$	(1.25)	\$	(0.90)

(millions of dollars)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months End June 30,			
		2021		2020		2021	2020		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) by segment to segment margin, and reconciliation of operating income (loss) by segment to adjusted operating income (loss) by segment									
Refining segment									
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	349	\$	1,751	\$	(243)	\$ (336)		
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)		—		(2,137)		—	277		
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) (a)		1,064		928		2,535	1,923		
Depreciation and amortization expense		544		533		1,077	1,069		
Other operating expenses		12		3		50	5		
Refining margin	\$	1,969	\$	1,078	\$	3,419	\$ 2,938		
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	349	\$	1,751	\$	(243)	\$ (336)		
Adjustments:							0.55		
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(2,137)			277		
Other operating expenses		12	_	3		50	5		
Adjusted refining operating income (loss)	\$	361	\$	(383)	\$	(193)	\$ (54)		
Renewable diesel segment									
Renewable diesel operating income	\$	248	\$	129	\$	451	\$ 327		
Adjustments:									
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		31		20		60	40		
Depreciation and amortization expense		12		12		24	23		
Renewable diesel margin	\$	291	\$	161	\$	535	\$ 390		
			-		_				
Ethanol segment									
Ethanol operating income (loss)	\$	99	\$	91	\$	43	\$ (106)		
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(111)			17		
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) (a)		119		79		275	188		
Depreciation and amortization expense		20		21		41	43		
Ethanol margin	\$	238	\$	80	\$	359	\$ 142		
Ethanol operating income (lace)	¢	00	¢	01	¢	42	¢ (100)		
Ethanol operating income (loss)	\$	99	\$	91	\$	43	\$ (106)		
Adjustment: LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)	Φ.		¢	(111)	¢	42	17 (80)		
Adjusted ethanol operating income (loss)	\$	99	\$	(20)	\$	43	\$ (89)		

(millions of dollars)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months End June 30,			
		2021		2020	2021			2020	
Reconciliation of refining segment operating income (loss) to refining margin (by region), and reconciliation of refining segment operating income (loss) to adjusted refining segment operating income (loss) (by region) (g)									
U.S. Gulf Coast region									
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	159	\$	892	\$	(349)	\$	(50)	
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(1,109)		—		4	
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) (a)		611		535		1,605		1,093	
Depreciation and amortization expense		334		327		666		661	
Other operating expenses		10		2		41		2	
Refining margin	\$	1,114	\$	647	\$	1,963	\$	1,710	
			-						
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	159	\$	892	\$	(349)	\$	(50)	
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(1,109)				4	
Other operating expenses		10		2		41		2	
Adjusted refining operating income (loss)	\$	169	\$	(215)	\$	(308)	\$	(44)	
U.S. Mid-Continent region									
Refining operating income	\$	123	\$	293	\$	113	\$	73	
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(283)		—			
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) (a)		159		148		349		312	
Depreciation and amortization expense		85		83		169		166	
Other operating expenses		2				9			
Refining margin	\$	369	\$	241	\$	640	\$	551	
Refining operating income	\$	123	\$	293	\$	113	\$	73	
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(283)				—	
Other operating expenses		2				9			
Adjusted refining operating income	\$	125	\$	10	\$	122	\$	73	

(millions of dollars)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2	021		2020		2021		2020	
Reconciliation of refining segment operating income (loss) to refining margin (by region), and reconciliation of refining segment operating income (loss) to adjusted refining segment operating income (loss) (by region) (g) (continued)									
North Atlantic region									
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	1	\$	597	\$	56	\$	(117)	
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(657)		—		217	
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		151		112		291		253	
Depreciation and amortization expense		59		52		111		105	
Other operating expenses				1				3	
Refining margin	\$	211	\$	105	\$	458	\$	461	
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	1	\$	597	\$	56	\$	(117)	
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(657)		_		217	
Other operating expenses				1				3	
Adjusted refining operating income (loss)	\$	1	\$	(59)	\$	56	\$	103	
U.S. West Coast region									
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	66	\$	(31)	\$	(63)	\$	(242)	
Adjustments:									
LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(88)				56	
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below)		143		133		290		265	
Depreciation and amortization expense		66		71		131		137	
Refining margin	\$	275	\$	85	\$	358	\$	216	
Refining operating income (loss)	\$	66	\$	(31)	\$	(63)	\$	(242)	
Adjustment: LCM inventory valuation adjustment (b)				(88)		_		56	
Adjusted refining operating income (loss)	\$	66	\$	(119)	\$	(63)	\$	(186)	
			-						

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES REFINING SEGMENT OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS (millions of dollars, except per barrel amounts) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					ix Mont Jun			
	2	021	2	2020		2021		2020	
Throughput volumes (thousand barrels per day)									
Feedstocks:									
Heavy sour crude oil		389		378		372		369	
Medium/light sour crude oil		330		385		303		363	
Sweet crude oil		1,421		1,018		1,282		1,234	
Residuals		249		169		221		202	
Other feedstocks		126		69		114		85	
Total feedstocks		2,515		2,019		2,292		2,253	
Blendstocks and other		320		302		332		320	
Total throughput volumes		2,835		2,321		2,624		2,573	
Yields (thousand barrels per day)									
Gasolines and blendstocks		1,432		1,061		1,312		1,189	
Distillates		1,035		835		965		940	
Other products (h)		401		434		377		456	
Total yields		2,868		2,330		2,654		2,585	
Operating statistics (a) (f) (i)									
Refining margin (from Table Page 5)	\$	1,969	\$	1,078	\$	3,419	\$	2,938	
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) (from Table Page 5)	\$	361	\$	(383)	\$	(193)	\$	(54)	
Throughput volumes (thousand barrels per day)		2,835		2,321		2,624		2,573	
Refining margin per barrel of throughput	\$	7.64	\$	5.10	\$	7.20	\$	6.27	
Less:	φ	7.04	Φ	5.10	φ	7.20	φ	0.27	
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) per barrel of throughput		4.13		4.39		5.34		4.10	
Depreciation and amortization expense per barrel of throughput		2.11		2.53		2.27		2.28	
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) per barrel of throughput	\$	1.40	\$	(1.82)	\$	(0.41)	\$	(0.11)	

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES RENEWABLE DIESEL SEGMENT OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS (millions of dollars, except per gallon amounts)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					ix Mont Jun	ths E e 30,	
	2021		2020)20 2		2	2020
Operating statistics (f) (i)								
Renewable diesel margin (from Table Page 5)	\$	291	\$	161	\$	535	\$	390
Renewable diesel operating income (from Table Page 5)	\$	248	\$	129	\$	451	\$	327
Sales volumes (thousand gallons per day)		923		795		895		831
Renewable diesel margin per gallon of sales	\$	3.46	\$	2.22	\$	3.30	\$	2.58
Less:								
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) per gallon of sales		0.36		0.29		0.37		0.27
Depreciation and amortization expense per gallon of sales		0.15		0.15		0.15		0.15
Renewable diesel operating income per gallon of sales	\$	2.95	\$	1.78	\$	2.78	\$	2.16

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES ETHANOL SEGMENT OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS (millions of dollars, except per gallon amounts)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2021		2020		2020			2020	
Operating statistics (a) (f) (i)									
Ethanol margin (from Table Page 5)	\$	238	\$	80	\$	359	\$	142	
Adjusted ethanol operating income (loss) (from Table Page 5)	\$	99	\$	(20)	\$	43	\$	(89)	
Production volumes (thousand gallons per day)		4,203		2,316		3,884		3,210	
Ethanol margin per gallon of production	\$	0.62	\$	0.38	\$	0.51	\$	0.24	
Less:									
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) per gallon of production		0.31		0.38		0.39		0.32	
Depreciation and amortization expense per gallon of production		0.05		0.10		0.06		0.07	
Adjusted ethanol operating income (loss) per gallon of production	\$	0.26	\$	(0.10)	\$	0.06	\$	(0.15)	

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES REFINING SEGMENT OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS BY REGION (millions of dollars, except per barrel amounts)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ende June 30,			
		2021		2020		2021	20	20	
Operating statistics by region (g)									
U.S. Gulf Coast region (a) (f) (i)									
Refining margin (from Table Page 6)	\$	1,114	\$	647	\$	1,963	\$ 1	,710	
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) (from Table Page 6)	\$	169	\$	(215)	\$	(308)	\$	(44)	
Throughput volumes (thousand barrels per day)		1,731		1,385		1,623	1	,527	
Refining margin per barrel of throughput	\$	7.07	\$	5.13	\$	6.68	\$	6.15	
Less:									
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) per barrel of throughput		3.88		4.23		5.46		3.93	
Depreciation and amortization expense per barrel of throughput		2.12		2.60		2.27		2.37	
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) per barrel of throughput	\$	1.07	\$	(1.70)	\$	(1.05)	\$ ((0.15)	
U.S. Mid-Continent region (a) (f) (i)									
Refining margin (from Table Page 6)	\$	369	\$	241	\$	640	\$	551	
Adjusted refining operating income (from Table Page 6)	\$	125	\$	10	\$	122	\$	73	
Throughput volumes (thousand barrels per day)	_	476	_	364	_	431		398	
Refining margin per barrel of throughput	\$	8.52	\$	7.28	\$	8.21	\$	7.61	
Less:									
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) per barrel of throughput		3.67		4.47		4.48		4.32	
Depreciation and amortization expense per barrel of throughput		1.98		2.51		2.17		2.29	
Adjusted refining operating income per barrel of throughput	\$	2.87	\$	0.30	\$	1.56	\$	1.00	

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES REFINING SEGMENT OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS BY REGION (millions of dollars, except per barrel amounts)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months End June 30,			
		2021		2020		2021	2020		
Operating statistics by region (g) (continued)									
North Atlantic region (f) (i)									
Refining margin (from Table Page 7)	\$	211	\$	105	\$	458	\$ 461		
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) (from Table Page 7)	\$	1	\$	(59)	\$	56	\$ 103		
Throughput volumes (thousand barrels per day)		356		340	_	338	414		
Refining margin per barrel of throughput	\$	6.52	\$	3.40	\$	7.48	\$ 6.12		
Less:									
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) per barrel of throughput		4.66		3.64		4.76	3.36		
Depreciation and amortization expense per barrel of throughput		1.85		1.67		1.81	1.39		
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) per barrel of throughput	\$	0.01	\$	(1.91)	\$	0.91	\$ 1.37		
U.S. West Coast region (f) (i)									
Refining margin (from Table Page 7)	\$ \$	275	\$	85	\$		\$ 216		
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) (from Table Page 7)	\$	66	\$	(119)	\$	(63)	\$ (186)		
Throughput volumes (thousand barrels per day)		272		232	_	232	234		
Refining margin per barrel of throughput	\$	11.12	\$	3.98	\$	8.54	\$ 5.06		
Less:									
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense reflected below) per barrel of throughput		5.79		6.26		6.92	6.21		
Depreciation and amortization expense per barrel of throughput		2.63		3.37		3.11	3.22		
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) per barrel of throughput	\$	2.70	\$	(5.65)	\$	(1.49)	\$ (4.37)		

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES AVERAGE MARKET REFERENCE PRICES AND DIFFERENTIALS (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				5	Ended		
	1	2021	2020			2021		2020
Refining								
Feedstocks (dollars per barrel)								
Brent crude oil	\$	69.00	\$	33.22	\$	65.05	\$	42.06
Brent less West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil		2.91		5.42		3.09		5.17
Brent less Alaska North Slope (ANS) crude oil		0.56		2.85		0.45		1.18
Brent less Louisiana Light Sweet (LLS) crude oil		1.05		2.95		1.08		2.85
Brent less Argus Sour Crude Index (ASCI) crude oil		3.34		4.14		3.17		4.58
Brent less Maya crude oil		6.13		9.05		5.42		9.40
LLS crude oil		67.95		30.27		63.97		39.21
LLS less ASCI crude oil		2.29		1.19		2.09		1.73
LLS less Maya crude oil		5.08		6.10		4.34		6.55
WTI crude oil		66.09		27.80		61.96		36.89
Natural gas (dollars per million British Thermal Units)		2.93		1.65		11.30		1.74
Products (dollars per barrel)								
U.S. Gulf Coast:								
Conventional Blendstock of Oxygenate Blending (CBOB) gasoline less Brent		14.43		0.51		12.28		1.44
Ultra-low-sulfur (ULS) diesel less Brent		12.99		4.89		11.59		8.08
Propylene less Brent		(20.41)		(12.71)		(0.96)		(16.88)
CBOB gasoline less LLS		15.48		3.46		13.36		4.29
ULS diesel less LLS		14.04		7.84		12.67		10.93
Propylene less LLS		(19.36)		(9.76)		0.12		(14.03)
U.S. Mid-Continent:								
CBOB gasoline less WTI		19.93		6.19		17.38		6.94
ULS diesel less WTI		18.42		11.38		17.82		14.35
North Atlantic:								
CBOB gasoline less Brent		17.37		3.03		14.47		3.66
ULS diesel less Brent		15.07		6.94		13.48		10.62
U.S. West Coast:								
California Reformulated Gasoline Blendstock of Oxygenate Blending (CARBOB) 87 gasoline less ANS		27.18		9.43		20.87		8.63
California Air Resources Board (CARB) diesel less ANS		15.28		10.36		14.71		13.79
CARBOB 87 gasoline less WTI		29.53		12.00		23.51		12.62
CARB diesel less WTI		17.63		12.93		17.35		17.78

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES AVERAGE MARKET REFERENCE PRICES AND DIFFERENTIALS (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Mont Jun	 		
	2021		2020		2020		2021		2020
Renewable diesel									
New York Mercantile Exchange ULS diesel (dollars per gallon)	\$	2.00	\$	0.97	\$	1.87	\$ 1.26		
Biodiesel Renewable Identification Number (RIN) (dollars per RIN)		1.71		0.54		1.44	0.50		
California Low-Carbon Fuel Standard (dollars per metric ton)		184.82		201.01		190.06	203.52		
Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT) soybean oil (dollars per pound)		0.63		0.27		0.56	0.29		
Ethanol									
CBOT corn (dollars per bushel)		6.58		3.23		5.98	3.49		
New York Harbor ethanol (dollars per gallon)		2.38		1.17		2.08	1.25		

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES OTHER FINANCIAL DATA (millions of dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

	J	une 30, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020
Balance sheet data				
Current assets	\$	19,372	\$	15,844
Cash and cash equivalents included in current assets		3,572		3,313
Inventories included in current assets		6,103		6,038
Current liabilities		14,214		9,283
Current portion of debt and finance lease obligations included in current liabilities		1,044		723
Debt and finance lease obligations, less current portion		13,636		13,954
Total debt and finance lease obligations		14,680		14,677
Valero Energy Corporation stockholders' equity		17,651		18,801

	Three Months Ended June 30,						ths Ended ne 30,		
	2021			2020		2021		2020	
Reconciliation of net cash used in operating activities to adjusted net cash provided by operating activities (f)									
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,008	\$	736	\$	1,956	\$	687	
Exclude:									
Changes in current assets and current liabilities		1,067		629		1,251		(478)	
Diamond Green Diesel LLC's (DGD) adjusted net cash provided by operating activities attributable to our joint venture partner's ownership interest in DGD		132	_	69		240		173	
Adjusted net cash provided by operating activities	\$	809	\$	38	\$	465	\$	992	

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months En June 30,			nded	
	2	2021	2020		20 2021		2020	
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.98		\$ 0.98		\$ 1.96		\$ 1.96	

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES OTHER FINANCIAL DATA (millions of dollars) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2021		2020		20 2			2020		
Reconciliation of total capital investments to capital investments attributable to Valero (f)										
Capital expenditures (excluding variable interest entities (VIEs))	\$	101	\$	256	\$	261	\$	555		
Capital expenditures of VIEs:										
DGD		245		103		398		177		
Other VIEs		9		81		35		143		
Deferred turnaround and catalyst cost expenditures (excluding VIEs)		196		128		426		437		
Deferred turnaround and catalyst cost expenditures of DGD				6		1		10		
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures		(3)		10		9		29		
Total capital investments		548		584		1,130		1,351		
Adjustments:										
DGD's capital investments attributable to our joint venture partner		(122)		(55)		(199)		(94)		
Capital expenditures of other VIEs		(9)	(9) (81)		(35			(143)		
Capital investments attributable to Valero	\$	417	\$	448	\$	896	\$	1,114		

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES

(a) In mid-February 2021, many of our refineries and plants were impacted to varying extents by the severe cold, utility disruptions, and higher energy costs arising out of Winter Storm Uri. The higher energy costs resulted from an increase in the prices of natural gas and electricity that significantly exceeded rates that we consider normal, such as the average rates we incurred the month preceding the storm. As a result, our operating loss for the six months ended June 30, 2021 includes estimated excess energy costs of \$579 million (\$1.15 per share).

The above-mentioned pre-tax estimated excess energy charge is reflected in our statement of income line items and attributable to our reportable segments as follows (in millions):

	Ref	ining	R	enewable Diesel	F	Ethanol	Total
Cost of materials and other	\$	47	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 47
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense)	_	478		_		54	532
Total estimated excess energy costs	\$	525	\$		\$	54	\$ 579

The estimated excess energy costs attributable to our refining segment are associated with the refining segment regions as follows (in millions, except per barrel amounts):

	.S. Coast	U.S. Mid- Continent		Other Regions Combined	Refining Segment
Cost of materials and other	\$ 45	\$	2	\$	\$ 47
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense)	 437		38	3	 478
Total estimated excess energy costs	\$ 482	\$	40	\$ 3	\$ 525
Effect of estimated excess energy costs on operating statistics (i)					
Refining margin per barrel of throughput (f)	\$ 0.15	\$	0.03	n/a	\$ 0.10
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense) per barrel of throughput	1.49		0.49	n/a	1.01
Adjusted refining operating income (loss) per barrel of throughput (f)	\$ 1.64	\$	0.52	n/a	\$ 1.11

The estimated excess energy costs attributable to our ethanol segment affected that segment's operating statistics of operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expenses) per gallon of production and adjusted operating loss per gallon of production by \$0.08 (see note (f) below).

(b) The market value of our inventories accounted for under the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method fell below their historical cost on an aggregate basis as of March 31, 2020. As a result, we recorded an LCM inventory valuation adjustment of \$2.5 billion in March 2020. The market value of our LIFO inventories improved as of June 30, 2020 due to an increase in market prices, which resulted in a reversal of \$2.2 billion of the \$2.5 billion LCM adjustment recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2020. Consequently, our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020 reflect a net LCM inventory valuation adjustment of \$294 million.

Of the \$2.2 billion benefit recognized in the three months ended June 30, 2020, \$2.1 billion and \$111 million is attributable to our refining and ethanol segments, respectively. Of the \$294 million adjustment recognized in the six months ended June 30, 2020, \$277 million and \$17 million is attributable to our refining and ethanol segments, respectively.

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES (Continued)

(c) On April 19, 2021, we sold a 24.99 percent membership interest in MVP Terminalling, LLC (MVP), an unconsolidated joint venture with a subsidiary of Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P., for \$270 million. "Other income, net" for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 includes a gain on the sale of \$62 million.

"Other income, net" for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 also includes a \$24 million charge representing our portion of the asset impairment loss recognized by Diamond Pipeline LLC, an unconsolidated joint venture with a subsidiary of Plains All American Pipeline, L.P., resulting from the joint venture's cancellation of its pipeline extension project.

- (d) During the three months ended June 30, 2021, a change in certain statutory tax rates (primarily an increase in the U.K. rate from 19 percent to 25 percent effective in 2023) resulted in the remeasurement of our deferred tax liabilities. Under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), we are required to recognize the effect of a change in tax law in the period of enactment. As a result, we recognized income tax expense of \$64 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, which represents the net increase in our deferred tax liabilities resulting from the change in the tax rates.
- (e) Common equivalent shares have been excluded from the computation of loss per common share assuming dilution and adjusted loss per common share assuming dilution for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, as the effect of including such shares is antidilutive.

Common equivalent shares have also been excluded from the computation of adjusted loss per common share – assuming dilution for the three months ended June 30, 2020, as the effect of including such shares is antidilutive. Weighted-average shares outstanding – assuming dilution used to calculate adjusted loss per common share – assuming dilution is 406 million shares.

(f) We use certain financial measures (as noted below) in the earnings release tables and accompanying earnings release that are not defined under U.S. GAAP and are considered to be non-GAAP measures.

We have defined these non-GAAP measures and believe they are useful to the external users of our financial statements, including industry analysts, investors, lenders, and rating agencies. We believe these measures are useful to assess our ongoing financial performance because, when reconciled to their most comparable U.S. GAAP measures, they provide improved comparability between periods after adjusting for certain items that we believe are not indicative of our core operating performance and that may obscure our underlying business results and trends. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered as alternatives to their most comparable U.S. GAAP measures nor should they be considered in isolation or as a substitute for an analysis of our results of operations as reported under U.S. GAAP. In addition, these non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies because we may define them differently, which diminishes their utility.

Non-GAAP measures are as follows:

- Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders is defined as net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders adjusted to reflect the items noted below, along with their related income tax effect. The income tax effect for the adjustments was calculated using a combined federal and state statutory rate for the U.S.-based adjustments of 22 percent and a local statutory income tax rate for foreign-based adjustments. We have adjusted for these items because we believe that they are not indicative of our core operating performance and that their adjustment results in an important measure of our ongoing financial performance to better assess our underlying business results and trends. The basis for our belief with respect to each adjustment is provided below.
 - Gain on sale of MVP interest The gain on the sale of a 24.99 percent membership interest in MVP (see note (c)) is not indicative of our ongoing operations.
 - Diamond Pipeline asset impairment The asset impairment loss related to the cancellation of a capital
 project associated with Diamond Pipeline LLC (see note (c)) is not indicative of our ongoing operations.
 - Income tax expense related to change in statutory tax rates The income tax expense related to a change in certain statutory tax rates (see note (d)) is not indicative of income tax expense associated with the pre-tax results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES (Continued)

- LCM inventory valuation adjustment The LCM inventory valuation adjustment, which is described in note (b), is the result of the market value of our inventories as of June 30, 2020 falling below their historical cost, with the decline in market value resulting from the decline in crude oil and product market prices associated with the negative economic impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic. The adjustment obscures our financial performance because it does not result from decisions made by us; therefore, we have excluded the adjustment from adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders.
- Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share assuming dilution is defined as adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Valero Energy Corporation stockholders divided by the number of weighted-average shares outstanding in the applicable period, assuming dilution (see note (e)).
- Refining margin is defined as refining segment operating income (loss) excluding the LCM inventory valuation adjustment (see note (b)), operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense), depreciation and amortization expense, and other operating expenses. We believe refining margin is an important measure of our refining segment's operating and financial performance as it is the most comparable measure to the industry's market reference product margins, which are used by industry analysts, investors, and others to evaluate our performance.
- Renewable diesel margin is defined as renewable diesel segment operating income excluding operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense) and depreciation and amortization expense. We believe renewable diesel margin is an important measure of our renewable diesel segment's operating and financial performance as it is the most comparable measure to the industry's market reference product margins, which are used by industry analysts, investors, and others to evaluate our performance.
- **Ethanol margin** is defined as ethanol segment operating income (loss) excluding the LCM inventory valuation adjustment (see note (b)), operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense), and depreciation and amortization expense. We believe ethanol margin is an important measure of our ethanol segment's operating and financial performance as it is the most comparable measure to the industry's market reference product margins, which are used by industry analysts, investors, and others to evaluate our performance.
- Adjusted refining operating income (loss) is defined as refining segment operating income (loss) excluding the LCM inventory valuation adjustment (see note (b)) and other operating expenses. We believe adjusted refining operating income (loss) is an important measure of our refining segment's operating and financial performance because it excludes items that are not indicative of that segment's core operating performance.
- Adjusted ethanol operating income (loss) is defined as ethanol segment operating income (loss) excluding the LCM inventory valuation adjustment (see note (b)). We believe this is an important measure of our ethanol segment's operating and financial performance because it excludes an item that is not indicative of that segment's core operating performance.
- Adjusted net cash provided by operating activities is defined as net cash provided by operating activities excluding the items noted below. We believe adjusted net cash provided by operating activities is an important measure of our ongoing financial performance to better assess our ability to generate cash to fund our investing and financing activities. The basis for our belief with respect to each excluded item is provided below.
 - Changes in current assets and current liabilities Current assets net of current liabilities represents our
 operating liquidity. We believe that the change in our operating liquidity from period to period does not
 represent cash generated by our operations that is available to fund our investing and financing activities.
 - DGD's adjusted net cash provided by operating activities attributable to our joint venture partner's ownership interest in DGD We are a 50/50 joint venture partner in DGD and we consolidate DGD's financial statements. Our renewable diesel segment includes the operations of DGD and the associated activities to market renewable diesel. Because we consolidate DGD's financial statements, all of DGD's net cash provided by operating activities (or operating cash flow) is included in our consolidated net cash provided by operating activities.

VALERO ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO EARNINGS RELEASE TABLES (Continued)

DGD's partners use DGD's operating cash flow (excluding changes in its current assets and current liabilities) to fund its capital investments rather than distribute all of that cash to themselves. Nevertheless, DGD's operating cash flow is effectively attributable to each partner and only 50 percent of DGD's operating cash flow should be attributed to our net cash provided by operating activities. Therefore, we have adjusted our net cash provided by operating activities for the portion of DGD's operating cash flow attributable to our joint venture partner's ownership interest because we believe that it more accurately reflects the operating cash flow available to us to fund our investing and financing activities. The adjustment is calculated as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,						ths Ended e 30,		
	2021		,	2020	2	2021		2020	
DGD operating cash flow data									
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	256	\$	516	\$	463	\$	683	
Exclude: changes in current assets and current liabilities		(8)		378		(17)		338	
Adjusted net cash provided by operating activities		264		138		480		345	
Our partner's ownership interest		50%		50%		50%		50%	
DGD's adjusted net cash provided by operating activities attributable to our joint venture partner's ownership interest in DGD	\$	132	\$	69	\$	240	\$	173	

• **Capital investments attributable to Valero** is defined as all capital expenditures, deferred turnaround and catalyst cost expenditures, and investments in unconsolidated joint ventures presented in our consolidated statements of cash flows, excluding the portion of DGD's capital investments attributable to our joint venture partner and all of the capital expenditures of other VIEs.

DGD's partners use DGD's operating cash flow (excluding changes in its current assets and current liabilities) to fund its capital investments rather than distribute all of that cash to themselves. Because DGD's operating cash flow is effectively attributable to each partner, only 50 percent of DGD's capital investments should be attributed to our net share of total capital investments. We also exclude the capital expenditures of our other consolidated VIEs because we do not operate those VIEs. We believe capital investments attributable to Valero is an important measure because it more accurately reflects our capital investments.

- (g) The refining segment regions reflected herein contain the following refineries: U.S. Gulf Coast- Corpus Christi East, Corpus Christi West, Houston, Meraux, Port Arthur, St. Charles, Texas City, and Three Rivers Refineries; U.S. Mid Continent- Ardmore, McKee, and Memphis Refineries; North Atlantic- Pembroke and Quebec City Refineries; and U.S. West Coast- Benicia and Wilmington Refineries.
- (h) Primarily includes petrochemicals, gas oils, No. 6 fuel oil, petroleum coke, sulfur, and asphalt.
- (i) Valero uses certain operating statistics (as noted below) in the earnings release tables and the accompanying earnings release to evaluate performance between comparable periods. Different companies may calculate them in different ways.

All per barrel of throughput, per gallon of sales, and per gallon of production amounts are calculated by dividing the associated dollar amount by the throughput volumes, sales volumes, and production volumes for the period, as applicable.

Throughput volumes, sales volumes, and production volumes are calculated by multiplying throughput volumes per day, sales volumes per day, and production volumes per day (as provided in the accompanying tables), respectively, by the number of days in the applicable period. We use throughput volumes, sales volumes, and production volumes for the refining segment, renewable diesel segment, and ethanol segment, respectively, due to their general use by others who operate facilities similar to those included in our segments. We believe the use of such volumes results in per unit amounts that are most representative of the product margins generated and the operating costs incurred as a result of our operation of those facilities.